

109-3-3. Emergency medical responder; authorized activities. Each emergency medical responder shall be authorized to perform any intervention specified in K.S.A. 65-6144, and amendments thereto, and as further specified in this regulation:

(a) Emergency vehicle operations:

(1) Operating each ambulance in a safe manner in nonemergency and emergency situations. "Emergency vehicle" shall mean ambulance, as defined in K.S.A. 65-6112 and amendments thereto; and

(2) stocking an ambulance with supplies in accordance with regulations adopted by the board and the ambulance service's approved equipment list to support local medical protocols;

(b) initial scene management:

(1) Assessing the scene, determining the need for additional resources, and requesting these resources;

(2) identifying a multiple-casualty incident and implementing the local multiple-casualty incident management system;

(3) recognizing and preserving a crime scene;

(4) triaging patients, utilizing local triage protocols;

(5) providing safety for self, each patient, other emergency personnel, and bystanders;

(6) utilizing methods to reduce stress for each patient, other emergency personnel, and bystanders;

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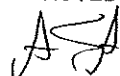
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- (7) communicating with public safety dispatchers and medical control facilities;
 - (8) providing a verbal report to receiving personnel;
 - (9) providing a written report to receiving personnel;
 - (10) completing a prehospital care report;
 - (11) setting up and providing patient and equipment decontamination;
 - (12) using personal protection equipment;
 - (13) practicing infection control precautions;
 - (14) moving patients without a carrying device; and
 - (15) moving patients with a carrying device;
- (c) patient assessment and stabilization:
- (1) Obtaining consent for providing care;
 - (2) communicating with bystanders, other health care providers, and patient family members while providing patient care;
 - (3) communicating with each patient while providing care; and
 - (4) assessing the following: blood pressure manually by auscultation or palpation or automatically by noninvasive methods; heart rate; level of consciousness; temperature; pupil size and responsiveness to light; absence or presence of respirations; respiration rate; and skin color, temperature, and condition;
- (d) cardiopulmonary resuscitation and airway management:
- (1) Applying cardiac monitoring electrodes;
 - (2) performing any of the following:

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(A) Manual cardiopulmonary resuscitation for an adult, child, or infant, using one or two attendants;

(B) cardiopulmonary resuscitation using a mechanical device;

(C) postresuscitative care to a cardiac arrest patient;

(D) cricoid pressure by utilizing the sellick maneuver;

(E) head-tilt maneuver or chin-lift maneuver, or both;

(F) jaw thrust maneuver;

(G) modified jaw thrust maneuver for injured patients;

(H) modified chin-lift maneuver;

(I) mouth-to-barrier ventilation;

(J) mouth-to-mask ventilation;

(K) mouth-to-mouth ventilation;

(L) mouth-to-nose ventilation;

(M) mouth-to-stoma ventilation;

(N) manual airway maneuvers; or

(O) manual upper-airway obstruction maneuvers, including patient positioning, finger sweeps, chest thrusts, and abdominal thrusts; and

(3) suctioning the oral and nasal cavities with a soft or rigid device;

(e) control of bleeding, by means of any of the following:

(1) Elevating the extremity;

(2) applying direct pressure;

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- (3) utilizing a pressure point;
- (4) applying a tourniquet;
- (5) utilizing the trendelenberg position; or
- (6) applying a pressure bandage;
- (f) extremity splinting, by means of any of the following:
 - (1) Soft splints;
 - (2) anatomical extremity splinting without return to position of function;
 - (3) manual support and stabilization; or
 - (4) vacuum splints;
- (g) spinal immobilization, by means of any of the following:
 - (1) Cervical collar;
 - (2) full-body immobilization device;
 - (3) manual stabilization;
 - (4) assisting an EMT, AEMT, or paramedic with application of an upper-body spinal immobilization device;
 - (5) helmet removal; or
 - (6) rapid extrication;
- (h) oxygen therapy by means of any of the following:
 - (1) Humidifier;
 - (2) nasal cannula;
 - (3) non-rebreather mask;

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- (4) partial rebreather mask;
- (5) regulators;
- (6) simple face mask;
- (7) blow-by;
- (8) using a bag-valve-mask with or without supplemental oxygen; or
- (9) ventilating an inserted supraglottic or subglottic airway;
- (i) administration of patient-assisted and non-patient-assisted medications

according to the board's "emergency medical responder medication list," dated April 1, 2011, which is hereby adopted by reference;

(j) recognizing and complying with advanced directives by making decisions based upon a do-not-resuscitate order, living will, or durable power of attorney for medical reasons; and


(k) providing the following techniques for preliminary care:

- (1) Cutting of the umbilical cord;
- (2) irrigating the eyes of foreign or caustic materials;
- (3) bandaging the eyes;
- (4) positioning the patient based on situational need;
- (5) securing the patient on transport devices;
- (6) restraining a violent patient, if technician or patient safety is threatened;
- (7) disinfecting the equipment and ambulance;

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(8) disposing of contaminated equipment, including sharps and personal protective equipment, and material;

(9) decontaminating self, equipment, material, and ambulance;

(10) following medical protocols for declared or potential organ retrieval;

(11) participating in the quality improvement process;

(12) providing EMS education to the public; and

(13) providing education on injury prevention to the public. (Authorized by K.S.A.

2010 Supp. 65-6111; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-6144, as amended by L.

2011, ch. 114, sec. 91; effective P- _____.)

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	Medication	Method	Application
1	Antidote - Any	Auto injector	Self or peer care
2	Aspirin	Oral	Chest pain of suspected ischemic origin only
3	Atropine/Pralidoxime chloride	Auto injector	Cholinergic/nerve gas poisoning
4	Epinephrine	Auto injector	Anaphylactic reactions
5	Glucose	Oral	Acute hypoglycemia
6	Medicated inhaler - Pt. assisted only	Nebulized or metered dose	Acute asthmatic attacks, bronchospasm